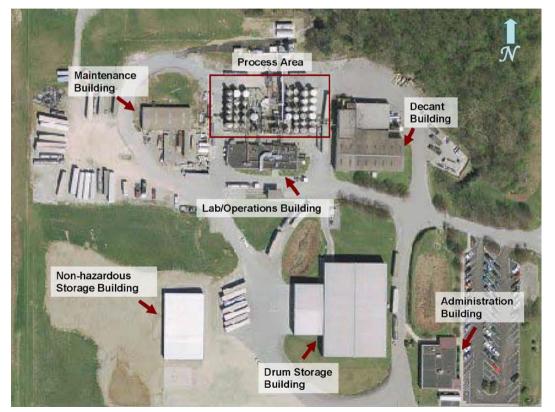


Do it yourself Occupied building risk assessment

Pier-Jan Hettema
Global Senior Process Safety Expert
DSM Operations & Responsible Care



WHAT WOULD YOU DO DIFFERENT IN THE SITE LAYOUT OF THIS PLANT?







VEOLIA TECHNICAL SOLUTIONS LLC

PLANT AFTER VAPOR CLOUD EXPLOSION

(PICTURES FROM CSB)



Occupied Buildings Safety

Protect people in buildings against potential consequences of major process-related incidents

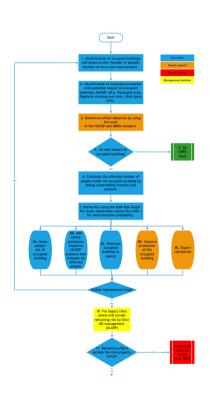


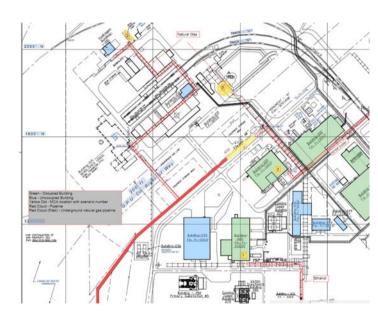
"Wrong dosing, runaway"



OBRA FLOWCHART

- ➤ Occupied buildings
- > Hazards
- > Effect calculations
- ➤ People affected
- > Risk determination
- ➤ Measures
- > Risk reduction

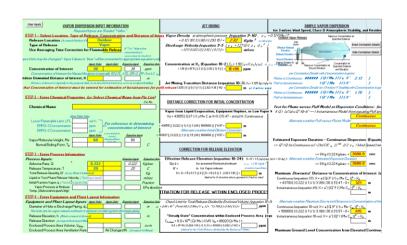






DETERMINE THE EFFECT DISTANCES BY USING TOOLS

- Expert software (e.g. PHAST, SafeSite, Effects)
- CHEF (or RAST) Excel tool -Available via CCPS and EPSC









DEFINE AFFECTED NUMBER OF PEOPLE

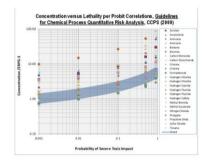
People affected = Occupancy x vulnerability factor

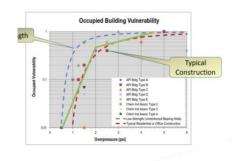
Define vulnerability factor for toxic concentration in a building

- ERPG-3 = 0%
- 5 times ERPG-3 = 100%

Define vulnerability factor for explosion pressure @ building

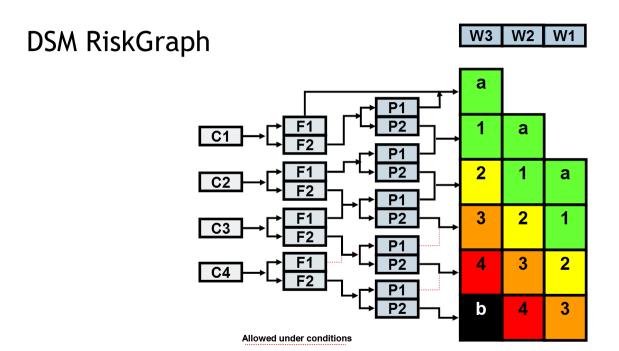
- 30 mbar = 0 %
- 300 mbar = 100%

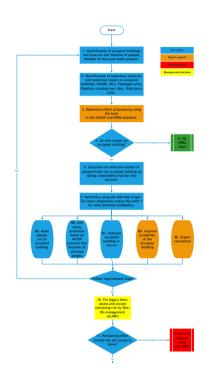






DEFINE THE RISK





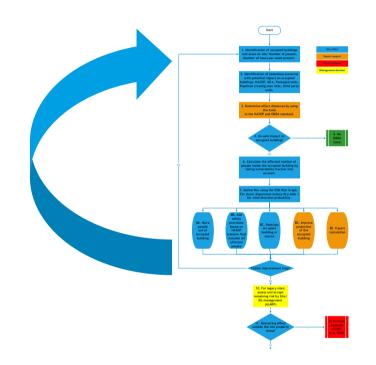


OBRA MEASURES FOR RISK GAP CLOSING

A. Move people out of occupied buildings

- B. Improve/increase the safeguarding to mitigate the risk
- C. Relocate the occupied building or source of the hazard

D. Modify occupied buildings





FLIXBOROUGH, UK - 1974 OBRA RELATED INCIDENT

- ➤ Explosion equivalent to 15 Tonnes TNT
- > 1,800 buildings within 1 mile radius damaged
- ➤ All 18 people in control room killed
- > 500+ would have been killed during a weekday







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